

5.4-5.9 Practice test

- 1) List all of the solutions to the following equation and place them on the line provided below:  $(5x + 6)(x - 3)(x + 1) = 0$

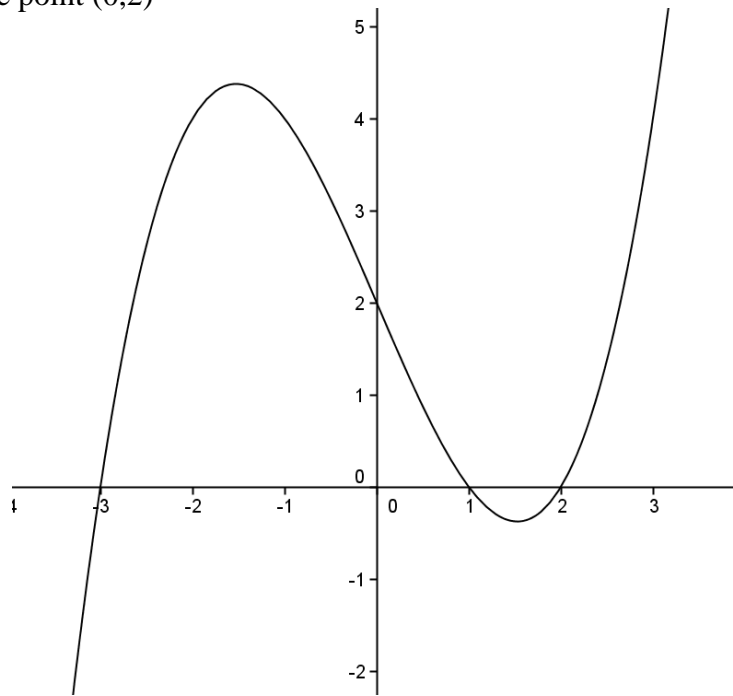
Solutions: \_\_\_\_\_

- 2) Calculator -Find all of the real zeros of the function given and write them on the line provided below.

$$f(x) = x^4 - x^3 + 2x^2 + 22x - 60$$

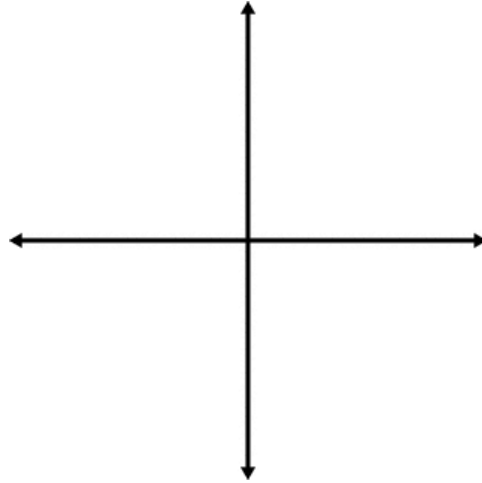
Zeros: \_\_\_\_\_

- 3) Write an equation for the polynomial that is graphed below given the fact that it is a 3<sup>rd</sup> degree polynomial and goes through the point (0,2)

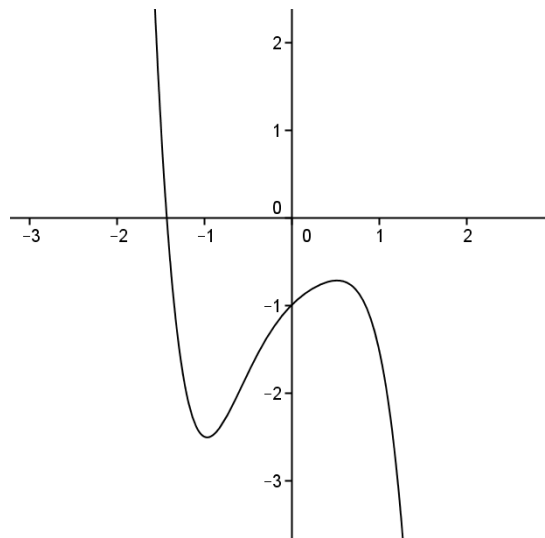


Polynomial: \_\_\_\_\_

- 4) Make a sketch of the following function  $f(x) = -2(x-3)(x+2)(x-1)$



- 5) Give all of the information you possibly can about the function graphed below



- 6) Factor the polynomial and find the zeros

$$y = 4a^4 + 8a^3 - 60a^2$$

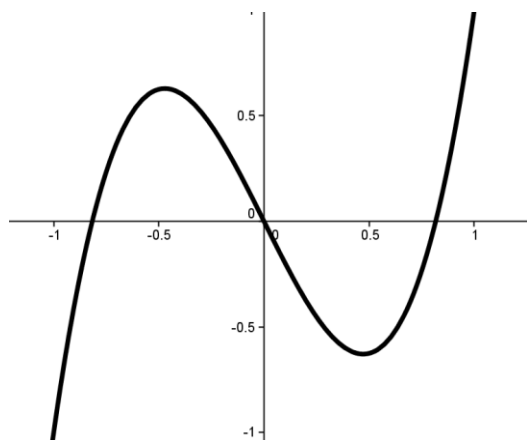
7) Simplify the expression

$$(7a - 6)(7a + 6)$$

8. Factor the polynomial  $f(x) = x^3 + 7x^2 + 7x - 15$  completely, given that  $(x + 5)$  is a factor. What are the zeros of  $f(x)$ ?

9. Factor the polynomial  $g(x) = x^3 + 8x^2 + 4x - 48$  completely, given that  $x = -6$  is a zero. What are all of the x-intercepts of  $g(x)$ ?

10. What is true about the degree and leading coefficient of the polynomial function whose graph is shown below?



- A.) Degree is even, leading coefficient is negative.
- B.) Degree is even, leading coefficient is positive.
- C.) Degree is odd, leading coefficient is negative.
- D.) Degree is odd, leading coefficient is positive.