Algebra 2 Mr. Doherty

Name:	
Date:	

## 5.1-5.6 Practice Test

1. Simplify the following expressions.  
**a**) 
$$(15n^2 - 6nk + 9k^2) + (3n^2 - 14nk)$$
 **b**)  $(15n^2 - 6nk + 9k^2) - (3n^2 - 14nk)$ 

c) 
$$(7a-6)(7a+6)$$
 d)  $\left(\frac{j^{10}k^{-3}n^0}{j^{-6}k}\right)^2$  e)  $(3r-5)^3$ 

2. Write the answer in scientific notation. 3. What is the value of  $3.2 \times 10^{-3}$ ?  $(9.2 \times 10^6)(4.7 \times 10^8)$ 

4. Answer the following about the polynomial f(x) = 4x - 3x<sup>2</sup> + 2x<sup>5</sup> + 11
a) What is the standard form of f?\_\_\_\_\_\_
b) What is the degree of f?\_\_\_\_\_\_
c) What is the leading coefficient?\_\_\_\_\_\_
d) What is the end behavior of f(x)?

- 5. Factor the following completely and find the zeros of each function
  - a)  $3x^3 + 2x^2 12x 8$  b)  $4a^4 + 8a^3 60a^2$
- 6. List all of the solutions to the following equation: (5x+6)(x-3)(x+1) = 0

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7. Divide  $x^4 - 3x^3 + 7x - 4$  by  $x^2 - 2x + 2$  using long division.

8. Factor the polynomial  $f(x) = x^3 + 7x^2 + 7x - 15$  completely, given that (x + 5) is a factor. What are the zeros of f(x)?

9. Factor the polynomial  $g(x) = x^3 + 8x^2 + 4x - 48$  completely, given that x = -6 is a zero. What are all of the x-intercepts of g(x)

10.

What is true about the degree and leading coefficient of the polynomial function whose graph is shown below?



- ) Degree is even, leading coefficient is negative.
- Degree is even, leading coefficient is positive.
- Degree is odd, leading coefficient is negative.
- ) Degree is odd, leading coefficient is positive.

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11. If  $h(x) = 4x^4 - 2x + 7$ , what is the value of h(3)?

12. A cube is a 3-dimensional object where its volume is found by multiplying the height, length, and width together. If a particular cube has a height, widht, and length that are all (3x-1) feet. Find a polynomial that represents the volume of the cube written in standard form. What would the volume of the cube be if x = 2?

13. Divide the following polynomials and write the solution below.

$$\frac{4x^4 - 2x^2 + 5}{x + 1} = \underline{\qquad}$$

14. Find all of the zeros of the following polynomial.

 $g(x) = 2x^4 + 3x^3 - 6x^2 - 6x + 4$